RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

SECOND YEAR

B.A./B.SC. THIRD SEMESTER (July – December) 2014 Mid-Semester Examination, September 2014

Date : 16/09/2014 CHEMISTRY (General)

1.

Time : 12 noon – 1 pm Paper : III Full Marks : 25

An	swer <u>all</u> the questions:	
a)	Why the molecular formula of nitrogen is N ₂ and in case of phosphorous it is P ₄ ? Explain	$[2\frac{1}{2}]$
	Or,	
	Explain the chemical inertness of nitrogen.	
b)	PF ₃ is slowly hydrolysed than PCl ₃ . Explain.	$[2\frac{1}{2}]$
c)	Why a little amount of glue or gelatin is added in the preparation hydrazine from ammonia a sodium hypochlorite.	nd [2½]
d)	Hydroxylamine shows both oxidising and reducing properties. Explain with reactions.	[3]
Or,		
	Write the preparation of hydrogenazide in the laboratory.	
e)	Why is different hydrolytic products are obtained from NCl ₃ and PCl ₃ ? Explain.	$[2\frac{1}{2}]$
	Or,	
	What happens with Bi ₂ O ₃ is treated with 40% NaOH solution and chlorine (g).	
f)	What do you mean by C.F.C? Write down the harmful effect of C.F.C on atmosphere.	[3]
g)	Write the preparation and uses of dry iice.	[3]
	Or,	
	What is xenate and perxenate? How can you prepare it?	
h)	Solubility of iodine in water increases in presence of KI. Explain	[2]
i)	Write down the autoionisation product of BrF ₃ and determine their shape (according to VSEI theory)	PR [2]
j)	Conductivity of BrF ₅ increases in presence of NOF or AgF. Explain.	[2]
	Or,	
	What is pseudohalide? CN [−] is a pseudohalide. Justify	
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